

Rough Terrain Forklift

Used Rough Terrain Forklift Downey - Forklift trucks utilize two forks to transport pallets and load and unload cargo. The rough terrain forklift and the industrial forklift are the two main types of forklift trucks. Industrial forklifts are mainly used in loading docks and warehouse applications with smooth and level surfaces. By contrast, the second category of forklifts, rough terrain forklifts, are commonly used to run on uneven and rocky surfaces. Commonly found at exterior construction sites, rough terrain forklifts have the tires, size and weight capacity to handle heavy loads. The tire type is one of the key differences between rough terrain and industrial forklift units. Common road tires, cushion tires are the main kind found on industrial forklifts. Pneumatic tires are utilized by rough terrain models. They are similar to tractor tires that offer more traction and flotation. Industrial forklifts are commonly powered by internal combustion engines although a fuel cell or battery electrical source may be used. Internal combustion engines are mainly used by rough terrain units. Types of Class 7 Rough Terrain Forklift Trucks There are three main types of Class 7 Rough Terrain Forklift Trucks: 1. Straight mast forklifts; 2. Telehandler forklifts; and 3. Rotating telehandler forklifts. Rough terrain forklifts function well in treacherous locations that are often found in construction sites and military settings. Rough terrain forklift units have better performance and maneuvering options. In the case of rough terrain forklift operations, extra consideration must be given while raising loads in these rough, variable conditions to prevent tip-over. The machine needs to remain in a stable position prior to lowering, lifting or moving any items. Adequate stability and proper lifting techniques need to be implemented to keep the forklift stable on the ground. Straight Mast Forklifts The straight mast forklift design enables easy transport around rough terrain locations including construction and demolition sites. These forklift trucks provide increased maneuverability and accessibility because it is fitted with big, heavy-duty pneumatic cushion tires. These allow the forklift truck to easily travel over rough terrain on the worksite. Most straight mast forklift units have 2WD or 4WD configurations. Even though these machines are better utilized in exterior locations, many straight mast forklifts operate with propane or diesel, enabling them to be used indoors for short timeframes. The lift capacities of straight mast forklifts are similar to most standard forklifts with a range of approximately 5,000 to 36,000 pounds. Telehandler or Telescopic Handler Forklifts Telescopic handler forklifts or telehandlers feature a telescoping boom; hence their name. Telescoping booms are handy for allowing the machine to load and place items at different lift heights and distances in front of the forklift. The operator can achieve enhanced flexibility with better reach during load placement. Featuring two wheels found at the front and two wheels at the rear, the standard telehandler is a long and low machine. Mounted at the back of the forklift, the telescopic boom is on a pivot that is located many feet above the forklift frame. The left side of the machine houses the cab and the hydraulic fluid tank and the fuel tank are found opposite to the cab. Within the frame itself, the transmission and engine are located along the center-line of the forklift. Creating a balanced machine is essential for a well-designed forklift. Having this particular configuration generates a stable environment for lifting, lowering and transporting loads. Compared to standard forklifts, telehandlers deliver higher lift heights. Also called compact telehandlers or high-reach telehandlers, these forklift trucks can lift their full load capacities from 18 feet, for the compact telehandlers, to 56 feet, for the high-reach telehandlers, into the air. Their load capacities usually range between 5,500 and 12,000 pounds. All-terrain forklifts rely on all-wheel steering to deliver better maneuverability and stability. The power-shift transmission and steering features allow the operator to move the forklift into a safe and successful working proximity. More recently, Telehandler forklift models have included additional features that incorporate the latest in ergonomics. Operator comfort is enhanced via larger cabs and tilted steering. High in demand at job sites, these ergonomic options reduce operator fatigue and repetitive stress injuries. A single joystick is a common design for most telehandlers. The joystick is essential for controlling the boom functions and the hydraulics responsible for forward

operation. Telehandler forklifts can also be equipped with non-marking tires which allow them to be used in other applications such as the installation of signs and billboards as well as maintenance on buildings and stadiums. Rotating Telehandler or Roto Telescopic Handler Forklifts The basic telehandler forklift has much in common with rotating telehandlers and roto telescopic handler forklifts. These include the rotating telehandler's ability to lift heavy weight to great heights. This unit's added turntable and rotation flexibility increases the types of jobs it can complete. The rotating function allows the forklift to swivel a full 360 degrees around, enabling access a much larger work area without having to reposition the forklift. Because of this additional feature, rotating telehandlers often have a second joystick to allow operation of the rotation function apart from the lift function. Power-assist steering minimized slip differential on the rear axle for additional traction and four-wheel drive are some of the extra features offered on rotating telehandlers and standard telehandler models. Any machine with rotation capabilities will have additional safety measures to consider. Stabilizers are a rough terrain forklift feature that rotating telehandler models rely on to increase safety while handling rotating loads that are swinging back and forth from each side of the machine. There are some rotating telehandlers that are designed to move heavy weights without stabilizers to reduce the time it takes to reposition the forklift for work in other areas of the jobsite. The standard telehandler offers fixed cab components and rotator telehandlers are generally smaller in comparison. Therefore, rotator telehandler units can access smaller loads when compared to standard telehandler units. Rotating telehandlers offer load capacities ranging from 4000 to 10,000 lbs. and lift heights between fifteen to eighty feet. Standard and rotator telehandlers can double as a crane when outfitted with specific winch accessories. This means that these forklifts can sometimes allow a project to forego the need for a crane at the jobsite, saving time, expense and workspace. Advancements for Rough Terrain Forklifts Many attachments are currently available for rough terrain forklifts, such as booms, winches, rotating fork carriages and articulating booms. More rough terrain forklift attachments will be unleashed onto the market in future years thanks to their ability to make the forklift more multi-purpose than ever before. Most of the proposed advancements will consist of included safety features within the rough terrain forklifts. Some new safety features have already been developed such as automatic load restriction devices. These systems automatically weigh a load and then calculate the safe reach distance of that load, taking into consideration the angle and extension of the boom. If the safe reach distance is reached, an alarm will sound, warning the operator to make the proper adjustments to either the boom angle, the reach distance or load weight.